Ceramides promote apoptosis for virus-infected lymphoma cells through induction of ceramide synthases and viral lytic gene expression

Supplementary Material

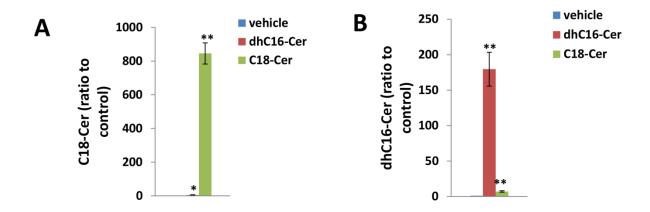


Figure S1: Intracellular accumulation of ceramides within PEL cells in vitro. (A-B) BCBL-1 cells were incubated with C18-Cer (40 μ M), dhC16-Cer (40 μ M) or vehicle for 24 h, then intracellular ceramide and dh-ceramide species quantified as described in Methods. Error bars represent the S.E.M. for 2 independent experiments, * = p<0.05; ** = P<0.01 (vs vehicle group).

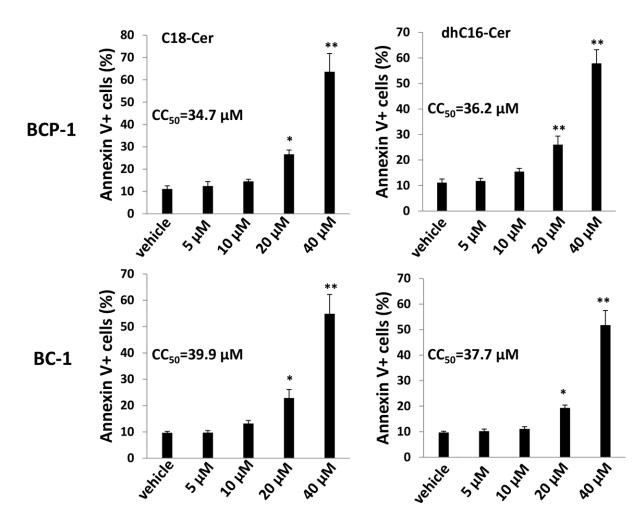


Figure S2: C18-Cer and dhC16-Cer induce apoptosis for KSHV-infected PEL cell lines. KSHV $^+$ /EBV neg BCP-1 and KSHV $^+$ /EBV $^+$ BC-1 cells were incubated with the indicated concentrations of C18-Cer, dhC16-Cer or vehicle for 24 h, then apoptosis was quantified as described in Methods. Error bars represent the S.E.M. for 3 independent experiments, * = p<0.05; ** = P<0.01.

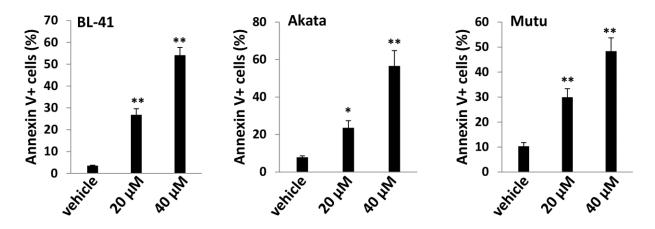


Figure S3: dhC16-Cer induce apoptosis for Burkitt's lymphoma cell lines. Burkitt's lymphoma cell lines BL-41 (KSHV^{neg}/EBV^{neg}), Akata and Mutu (both KSHV^{neg}/EBV⁺) were incubated with the indicated concentrations of dhC16-Cer or vehicle for 24 h, then apoptosis was quantified as described in Methods. Error bars represent the S.E.M. for 3 independent experiments, * = p < 0.05; ** = P < 0.01.

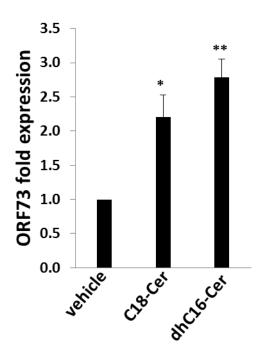


Figure S4: Exogenous C18-Cer and dhC16-Cer induce viral lytic replication within KSHV-infected PEL cells. BCBL-1 were incubated with C18-Cer (40 μ M), dhC16-Cer (40 μ M) or vehicle for 48 h, then the virion production within culture supernatants quantified as described in Methods followed supernatant incubation with KSHV-naïve HUVEC cells. *ORF73* (LANA) transcripts from each group were quantified by qRT-PCR. Error bars represent the S.E.M. for 3 independent experiments, * = p<0.05; *** = P<0.01.

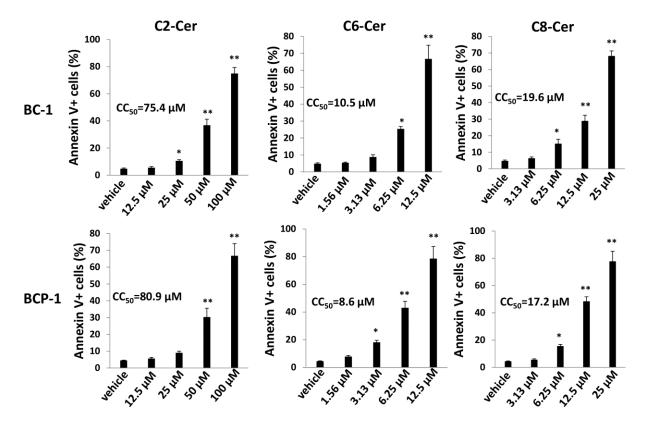


Figure S5: Exogenous short-chain ceramides induce PEL cell apoptosis. KSHV $^+$ /EBV $^+$ BC-1 and KSHV $^+$ /EBV neg BCP-1 cells were incubated with the indicated concentrations of C2-Cer, C6-Cer, C8-Cer or vehicle for 24 h, then apoptosis quantified as described in Methods. Error bars represent the S.E.M. for 3 independent experiments, * = p < 0.05; ** = P < 0.01.

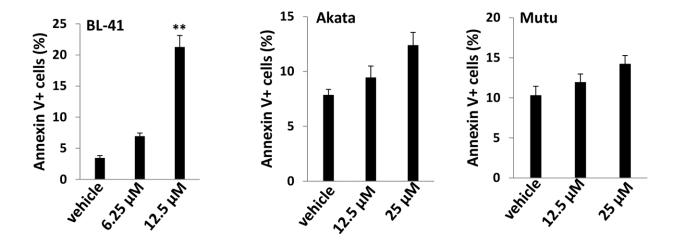


Figure S6: Burkitt's lymphoma cell lines display resistance to exogenous C6-Cer-induced cell apoptosis. KSHV $^+$ /EBV $^+$ BC-1 and KSHV $^+$ /EBV neg BCP-1 cells were incubated with the indicated concentrations of C6-Cer or vehicle for 24 h, then apoptosis quantified as described in Methods. Error bars represent the S.E.M. for 3 independent experiments, * = p<0.05; ** = P<0.01.

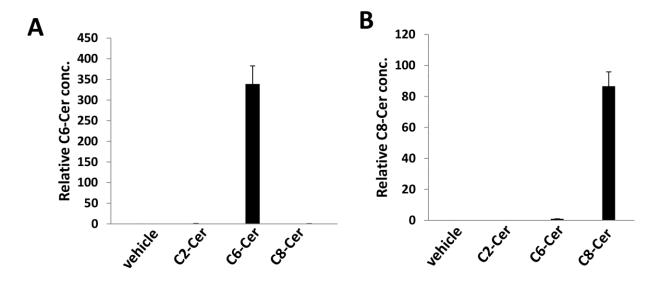


Figure S7: Differential accumulation of short-chain ceramides within PEL cells. BCBL-1 cells were incubated with C2-Cer (50 μ M), C6-Cer (6.25 μ M), C8-Cer (12.5 μ M) or vehicle for 24 h, then short-chain ceremides quantified as described in Methods. Error bars represent the S.E.M. for 2 independent experiments.

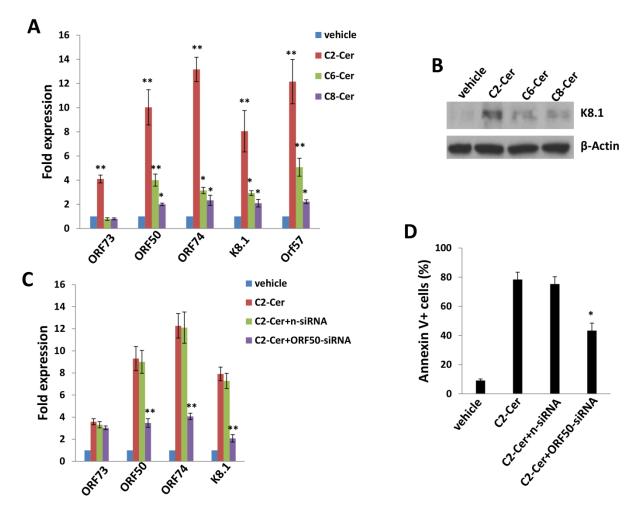


Figure S8: Exogenous short-chain ceramides induce KSHV lytic gene expression. (A-B) BCBL-1 cells were incubated with C2-Cer (50 μ M), C6-Cer (6.25 μ M), C8-Cer (12.5 μ M) or vehicle for 24 h, then representative latent (*ORF73*) and lytic (*ORF50*, *ORF74*, *K8.1*, *ORF57*) KSHV transcripts quantified using qRT-PCR. Expression of the viral lytic protein K8.1 was determined using immunoblots. (**C-D**) Cells were transfected with control n-siRNA or *ORF50*-siRNA for 48 h, then incubated with C2-Cer (50 μ M) or vehicle for 24 h. Viral gene expression and cell apoptosis were quantified using qRT-PCR and flow-cytometry, respectively. Error bars represent the S.E.M. for 3 independent experiments, * = p<0.05; ** = P<0.01.

Supplemental Table 1: Primer sequences for qRT-PCR.

Gene	Sequences (5' ->3')
Lana	sense TCCCTCTACACTAAACCCAATA
	antisense TTGCTAATCTCGTTGTCCC
Rta	sense TAATGTCAGCGTCCACTCC
	antisense TTCTGGCACGGTCAAAGC
vGPCR	sense CATCCGCTGCACTGTTAA
	antisense GCTTTGTCCTCCTCACCA
K8.1	sense CACCACAGAACTGACCGATG
	antisense TGGCACACGGTTACTAGCAC
Orf57	sense GGGTGGTTTGATGAGAAGGA
	antisense CGCTACCAAATATGCCACCT
β-actin	sense GGAAATCGTGCGTGACATT
	antisense GACTCGTCATACTCCTGCTTG